

# CleanDrill™ Reservoir Drill-in Fluid System, with engineered LCM package, successfully applied across a fractured carbonate reservoir section, onshore Albania

An engineered solution was employed to establish a means of mitigating losses occurring at the well site and inhibit H<sub>2</sub>S contamination, all while reducing or minimizing formation damage.

### CHALLENGE

- Prevent thermal degradation of polymers
- Inhibit H<sub>2</sub>S contamination
- Customize a plan to minimize losses

### **SOLUTION**

 A low-solids CleanDrill™ RDF weighted up with Calcium Carbonate to 13.8 ppg (1.65 sg)

### **RESULT**

- Safely and successfully drilled a deep reservoir section, characterized by a fractured carbonate formation and overpressure, from 16,165' to 18,517' (4,927 m to 5,644 m)
- Minimized losses sigificantly

### **OVERVIEW**

An operator required the use of a 13.8 ppg CleanDrill<sup>™</sup> Reservoir Drill-In Fluid (RDF) system to drill across a fractured carbonate reservoir section of a deep and complex Albanian well characterized by high BHST. In addition, there was also the presence of  $H_2S$ , and the potential for serious losses.

### **CHALLENGE**

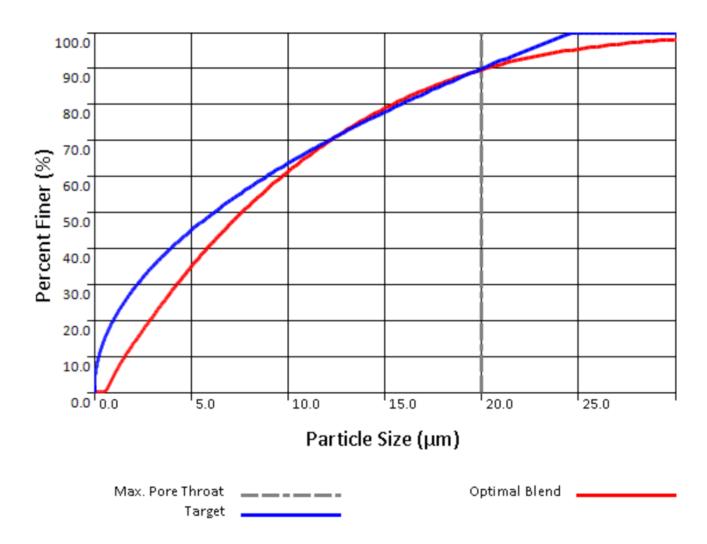
After evaluating the expected reservoir drilling challenges, the project engineers established the benchmarks listed below for the design of an applicable technical and cost-effective fluid solution:

- Minimize formation damage
- Formulate a fluid with low solids content at 13.8 ppg (1.65 sg)
- Provide H<sub>2</sub>S inhibition
- Formulate an engineered LCM strategy and solution to mitigate losses
- Design a dedicated bridging package, using Newpark proprietary software ClearBridge<sup>™</sup>, for a specific Particle Size Distribution to cure microfractures, with results validated in the laboratory





# Max Pore Throat [D90] (µm)



### **SOLUTION**

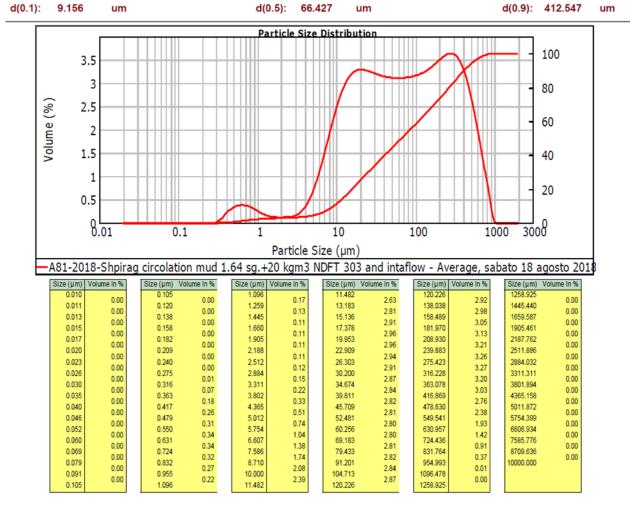
Newpark's extensive lab testing indicated that the best technical option for drilling the fractured carbonate reservoir formation was the CleanDrill RDF system. The testing data confirmed the selection of the following components and chemicals in the CleanDrill formulation:

- Potassium formate was chosen as the monovalent brine phase to limit solid content and for its ability to stabilize polymers under high temperature conditions.
- Utilize NewZan D and a modified starch for rheology control and filtrate loss.
- Use a zinc-free liquid additive H₂S Scavenger.
- A dedicated LCM plan was validated.
- Use a selected package of sized carbonate bridging agents (see graph below).



## **Case History**





### **RESULTS**

The 8 ½" reservoir section was successfully drilled from 16,165' (4,927 m) to TD at 18,517' (5,644 m) using a the selected CleanDrill RDF fluid at 13.8 ppg with an average ROP of 16.1 ft/hr (4.9 m/hr).

During drilling,  $H_2S$  contamination was properly treated out with additions of a zinc-free liquid  $H_2S$  scavenger.

The expected formation losses, with the highest loss rate of 160 bbl/hr at 18,405' (5,610 m), were properly controlled by spotting several non-damaging LCM pills and following an LCM sweeping program to TD.

